

2021



Progetto Ematologia Romagna

Implicazioni laboratoristiche dei farmaci anticoagulanti

Giovanni Poletti

Patologia Clinica (Ematologia) AUSL Romagna



2021



GRAZIE PROF TURA

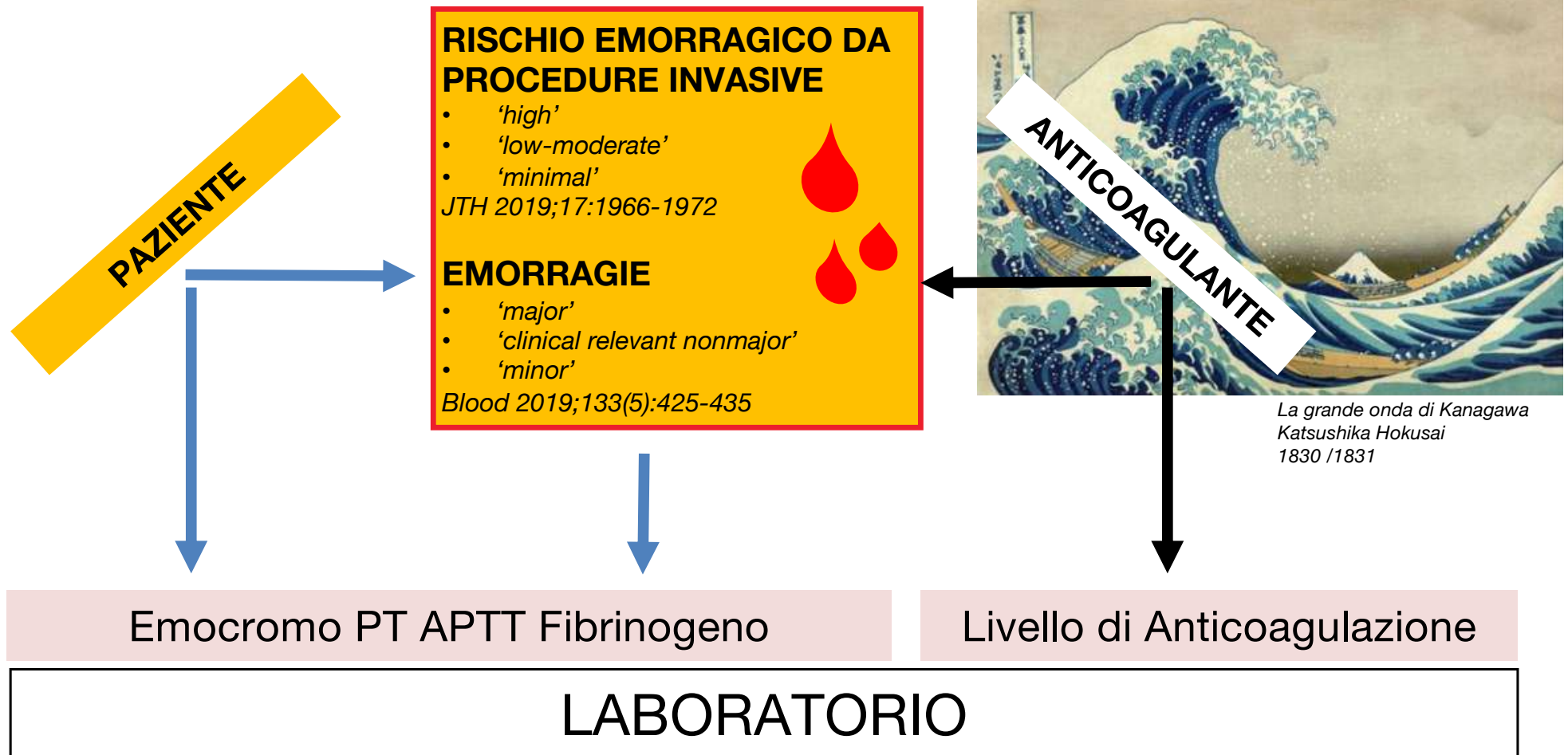
19-9-2020

PROGETTO EMATOLOGIA ROMAGNA

Ravenna, 16 ottobre 2021



2021





ANTICOAGULANTE: LE INFORMAZIONI



UFH
LMWH
Fondaparinux
Argatroban

- 1. Tipo di farmaco**
- 2. Dosaggio**
- 3. Ultima dose**

AVK

DOAC

- **Dabigatran**
- **Rivaroxaban**
- **Apixaban**
- **Edoxaban**
- **Betrixaban**





2021

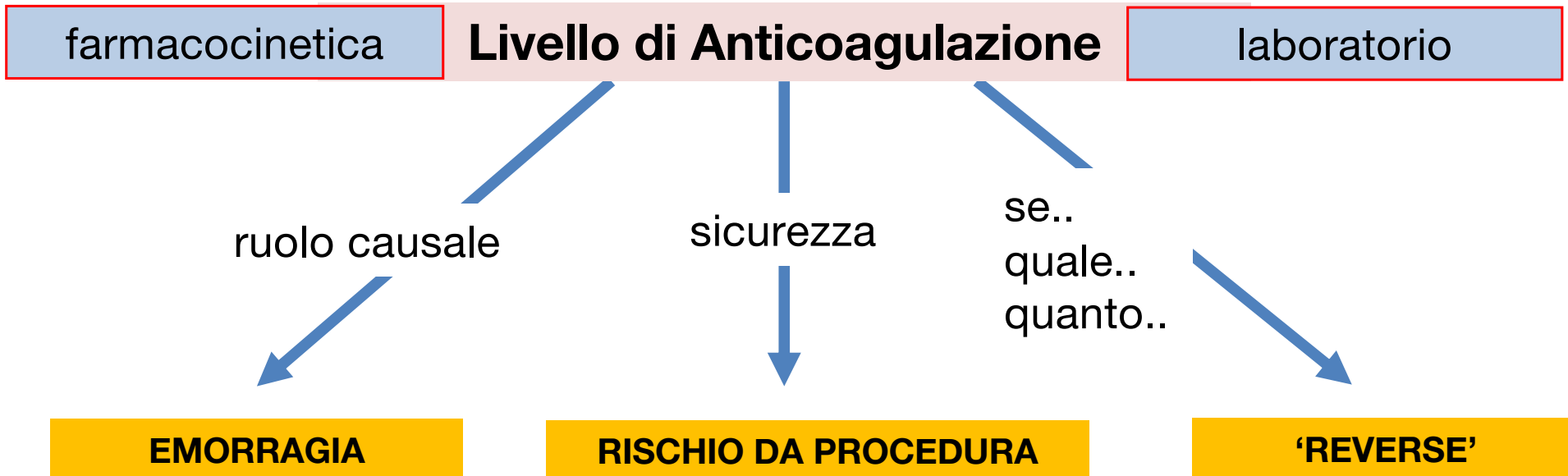
CONSIDERAZIONI FARMACOCINETICHE

Anticoagulant type	Half-life, h	Route of elimination
Vitamin K antagonists	20-60 (warfarin)	Liver metabolism; metabolites primarily eliminated in the urine (warfarin)
UFH	1-2	Therapeutic dose: nonrenal elimination; very high doses: possible renal contribution
LMWH	3-7	Renal
Fondaparinux	17-21	Renal
Dabigatran	12-17	Renal (80%)
Apixaban	8-15	Renal (25%)
Betrixaban	19-27	Renal (11%)
Edoxaban	9-11	Renal (35%)
Rivaroxaban	9-13	Renal (66%)

Blood. 2020;135(10):724-734



2021



TOGLIERE DI MEZZO L'ANTICOAGULANTE QUANDO E' DANNOSO...





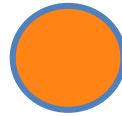
MISURA DELL'ANTICOAGULAZIONE



'testing'

'monitoring'
(dose-adjustment)

- AVK
- UFH
- Argatroban



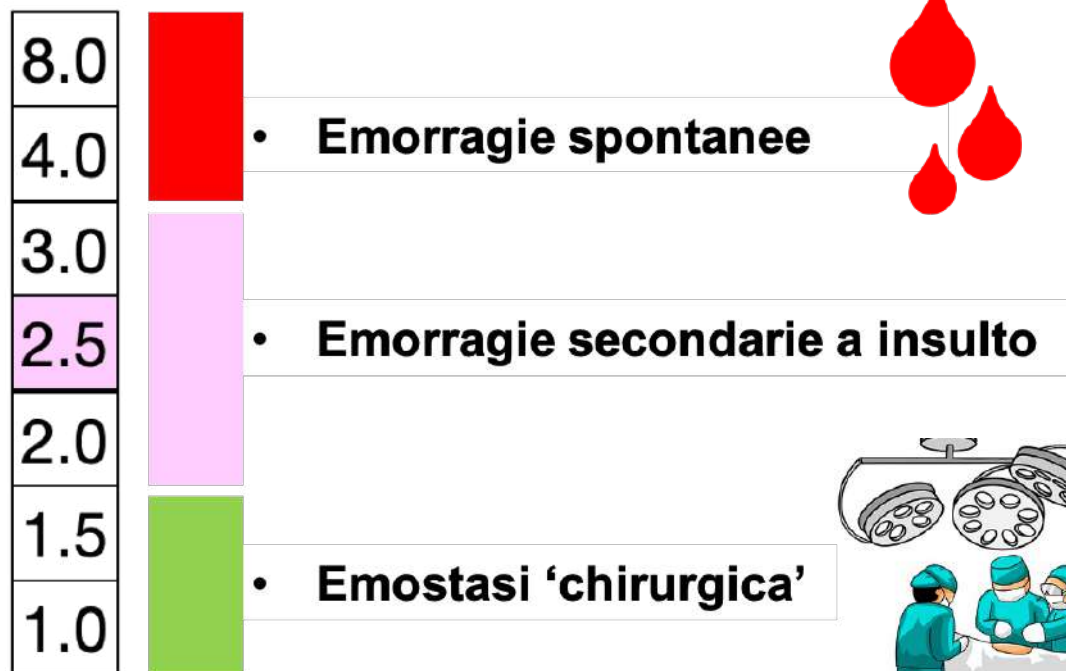
- LMWH
- Fondaparinux
- DOAC



VKA

PT-INR

1. Target (range)
2. Correlazione clinica
3. Lunga emivita: 60 h
4. Reverse (Stop VKA +/- Vit K +/- PCC)



- NEJM 2003;349:1019-26
- BJH 2005;128,513-19
- Stroke 2018 Mar 49(3):e46-e110



2021

UFH

aPTT Ratio

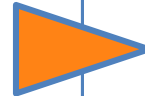
EPARINA NON FRAZIONATA

- In terapia: **'dose 'aggiustata' con aPTT ratio** (range terapeutico: **1.5-2.5**)
- **Breve emivita** (1-2 h)

- **Molti effetti 'non eparinici' su aPTT**

- ✓ *FVIII*
- ✓ *FII*
- ✓ *LAC*
- ✓ *Farmaci*
- ✓ *...*

aPTT: può avere un'implicazione clinica poco affidabile



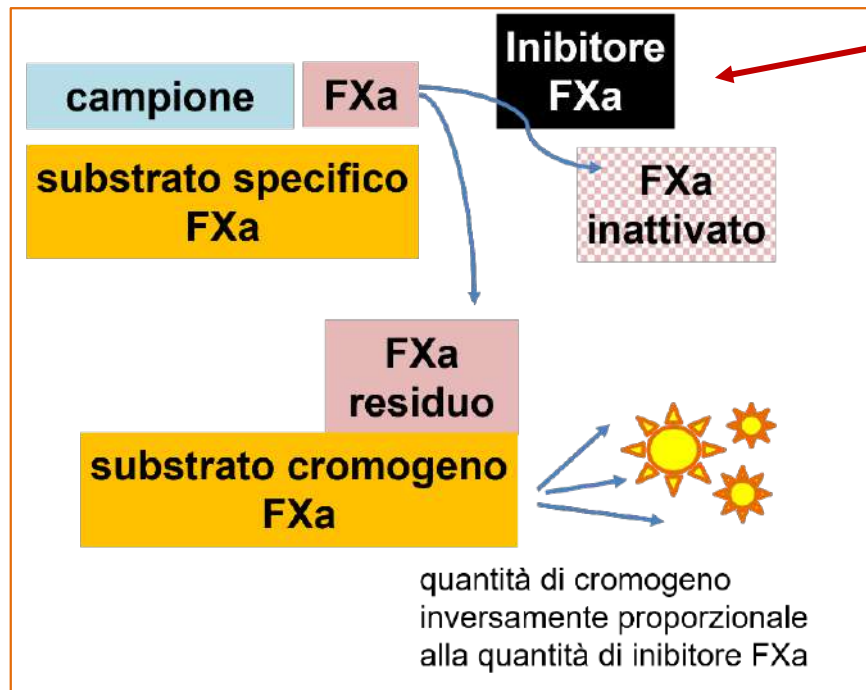
Considerare l'utilità del dosaggio eparinico attività anti-Xa (0.3-0.7 UI/ml)

- *D Basu et al. NEJM 1972;287(7):324-27*
- *RD Hull et al. Arch Intern Med 1997;157(22):2562-68.*
- *J Hirsh. et al. JTH 2004;2:2254-6*
- *MA Smythe et al. J Thromb Thrombolysis 2016;41:165-186*
- *JW Vandiver. Pharmacotherapy vol 32 numb 6 2012*

Dosaggio con metodo cromogenico

attività anti-Xa

Eparina



UFH/LMWH IU/ml calibrator	dOD
0.00	0.7368
0.42	0.5206
0.79	0.3921
1.17	0.2946
1.56	0.2238

Eparinemia (terapia): 0.3-0.7 UI/ml



LE 'PICCOLE' EPARINE (LMWH - Fondaparinux)

1. **LMWH: 4-6 h**
2. **Fondaparinux: 17-21 h**
3. **Eliminazione renale**

1. **Poco visibili con aPTT**
2. **Attività anti-Xa**
 - *LMWH: 0.4-1.2 UI/ml*
 - *Fondaparinux: 0.5-1.5 UI/ml*

UFH/LMWH IU/ml calibrator	dOD
0.00	0.7368
0.42	0.5206
0.79	0.3921
1.17	0.2946
1.56	0.2238

Fondaparinux IU/ml calibrator	dOD
0.00	0.7159
0.91	0.3107
1.83	0.1435

CLEVELAND CLINIC JOURNAL OF MEDICINE VOLUME 86 • NUMBER 6 JUNE 2019 4



2021

ANTICOAGULANTI ORALI DIRETTI (DOAC)

- La terapia non richiede un monitoraggio di laboratorio
- Breve emivita

- **PT e aPTT non sono affidabili**
- **Usare test specifici per misurare l'anticoagulazione**

DOAC	Test specifici
Dabigatran Rivaroxaban Apixaban Edoxaban Betrixaban	anti-IIa, dTT, ECT anti-Xa anti-Xa anti-Xa anti-Xa

REVIEW ARTICLE

WILEY | ISLH International Journal of Laboratory Haematology

The danger of relying on the APTT and PT in patients on DOAC therapy, a potential patient safety issue

D. M. Adcock¹ | R. C. Gosselin²

Int J Lab Hem. 2017;39(Suppl. 1):37–40.

Laboratory testing in patients treated with direct oral anticoagulants: a practical guide for clinicians

J. DOUXFELS,^{1,†} W. AGENO,¹ C.-M. SAMAMA,[§] S. LESSIRE,[†] H. TEN CATE,^{**} P. VERHAMME,^{††} J.-M. DOGNÉ^{*} and F. MULLIER^{‡‡}

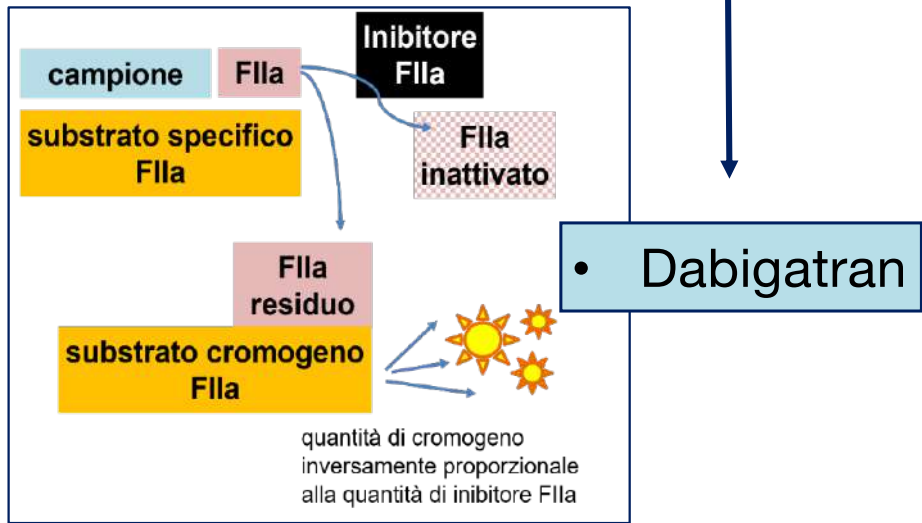
^{*}Department of Pharmacy, Namur Thrombosis and Hemostasis Centre (NTHC), Namur Research Institute for Life Sciences (NARLIS), University of Namur; [†]Qualiblood s.a., Namur, Belgium; [‡]Department of Clinical and Experimental Medicine, University of Insubria, Varese, Italy; [§]Cochin University Hospital, Department of Anaesthesiology and Intensive Care, Université Paris Descartes, Paris, France; [¶]Department of Anaesthesiology, Namur Thrombosis and Haemostasis Centre (NTHC), Namur Research Institute for Life Sciences (NARLIS), Université catholique de Louvain, CHU UCL Namur, Yvoir, Belgium; ^{**}Department of Internal Medicine, Maastricht University Medical Centre and Cardiovascular Research Institute (CARIM), Maastricht, the Netherlands; ^{††}Department of Cardiovascular Sciences, Vascular Medicine and Haemostasis, University of Leuven, Leuven; and ^{‡‡}CHU UCL Namur, Laboratory Hematology, Namur Thrombosis and Haemostasis Centre (NTHC), Namur Research Institute for Life Sciences (NARLIS), Université catholique de Louvain, Yvoir, Belgium

J Thromb Haemost 2018; 16: 209–19

Dosaggio con metodo cromogenico

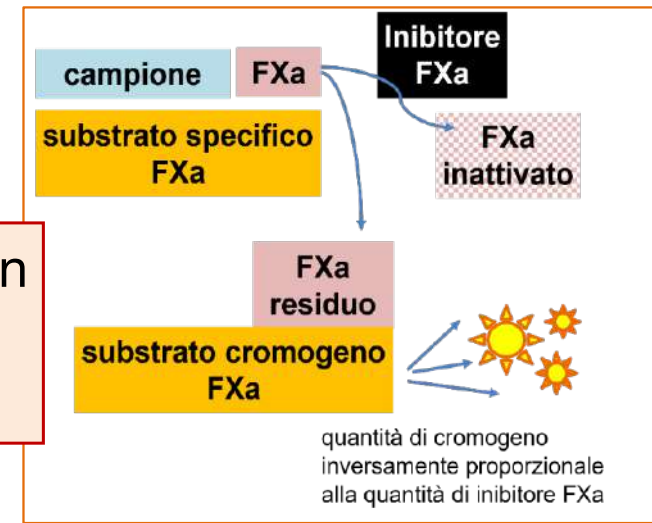
calibratori e controlli dedicati

attività anti-IIa



- Rivaroxaban
- Apixaban
- Edoxaban

attività anti-Xa

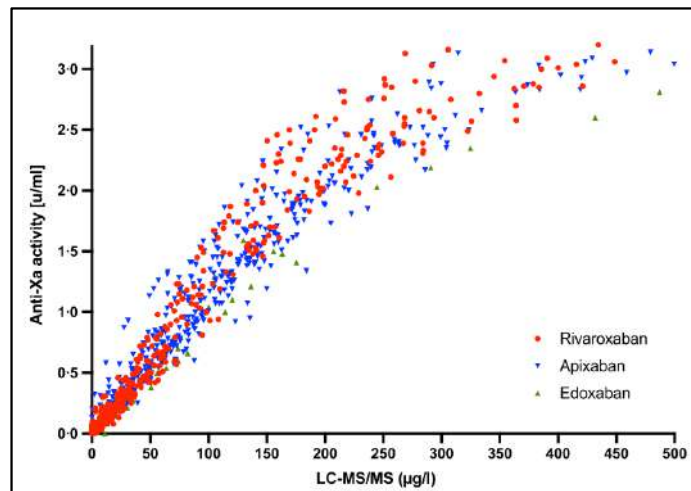


A universal anti-Xa assay for rivaroxaban, apixaban, and edoxaban measurements: method validation, diagnostic accuracy and external validation

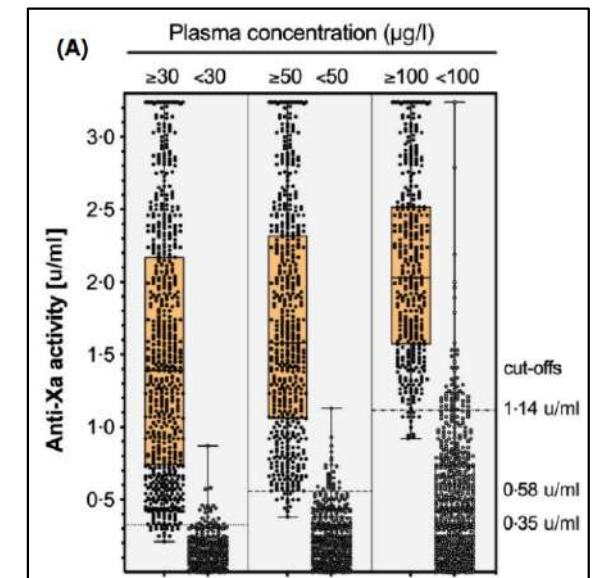
British Journal of Haematology, 2021, **193**, 1203–1212

Guido Willekens,^{1,2,*} Jan-Dirk Studt,^{3,*} Adriana Mendez,⁴ Lorenzo Alberio,⁵ Pierre Fontana,⁶ Walter A. Wuillemin,⁷ Adrian Schmidt,⁸ Lukas Graf,⁹ Bernhard Gerber,¹⁰ Cedric Bovet,² Thomas C. Sauter¹¹ and Michael Nagler^{2,12}

¹Department of Epidemiology, Maastricht University, Maastricht, the Netherlands, ²Department of Clinical Chemistry, Inselspital, Bern University Hospital, University of Bern, Bern, ³Division of Medical Oncology and Hematology, University Hospital Zurich, Zurich, ⁴Department of Laboratory Medicine, Kantonsspital Aarau, Aarau, ⁵Service and Central Laboratory of Hematology, Lausanne University Hospital (CHUV) and University of Lausanne, Lausanne, ⁶Division of Angiology and Hemostasis, Geneva University Hospital, Geneva, ⁷Division of Hematology and Central Hematology Laboratory, Cantonal Hospital of Lucerne, University of Bern, Bern, ⁸Institute of Laboratory Medicine and Clinic of Medical Oncology and Hematology, City Hospital Waid and Triemli, Zurich, ⁹Cantonal Hospital of St Gallen, St Gallen, ¹⁰Clinic of Hematology, Oncology Institute of Southern Switzerland, Bellinzona, ¹¹Department of Emergency Medicine, Inselspital, Bern University Hospital, Bern, and ¹²Department of Hematology, Inselspital, Bern University Hospital, Bern, Switzerland



Sensitivity	%
30 µg/l	96.2
50 µg/l	96.4
100 µg/l	96.7





2021

Richiedere il dosaggio del farmaco e non attività anti-Xa né FX

1. In un plasma la presenza di uno qualunque dei farmaci con attività anti-Xa, sia indiretta che diretta, causa una misurabile attività anti-Xa. Per risalire al livello di farmaco, l'attività anti-Xa misurata deve essere rapportata ad una curva di calibrazione eseguita con il farmaco specifico
2. **Non è disponibile un esame 'attività anti-Xa' bensì il dosaggio dell'anticoagulante specifico**
3. Il dosaggio del '**FX**' è un altro test da non confondere in questo contesto. Quest'ultimo esame dosa l'attività funzionale di FX presente in un plasma e non la capacità di un plasma di inibire FXa.



LOQ

Dabigatran: 20 ng/ml

Rivaroxaban/Apixaban/Edoxaban: 10-15 ng/ml

TAT: 1 h (esame disponibile in urgenza)

Variabilità inter-laboratorio (VEQ): 10%

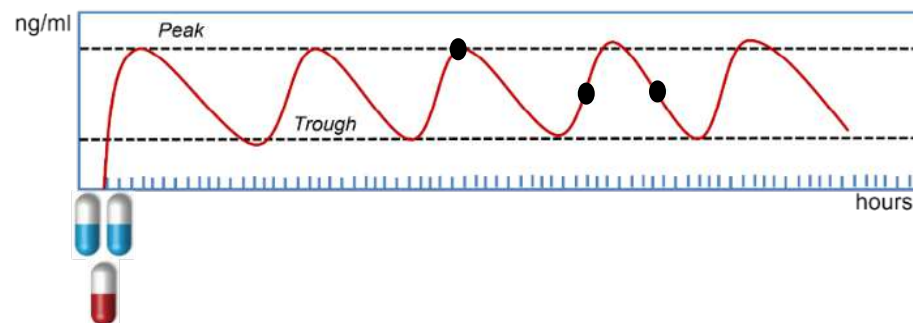
FORUM

To measure or not to measure direct oral anticoagulants before surgery or invasive procedures

A. TRIPODI

Argelo Bianchi Bonomi Hemophilia and Thrombosis Center, Department of Clinical Sciences and Community Health, Università degli Studi di Milano and IRCCS Cà Granda Maggiore Hospital Foundation, Milan, Italy

DOAC: la farmacocinetica è sufficiente per garantire la sicurezza **oppure dosare** anche il livello di anticoagulazione?



LIVELLO DI ANTICOAGULAZIONE (DOSAGGIO) DOAC

- I livelli più alti sembrano associati a più emorragie
- Esistono pazienti con valori più elevati



LIVELLI DI DOAC : IMPLICAZIONE EMORRAGICA

Journal of the American College of Cardiology
© 2014 by the American College of Cardiology Foundation
Published by Elsevier Inc.

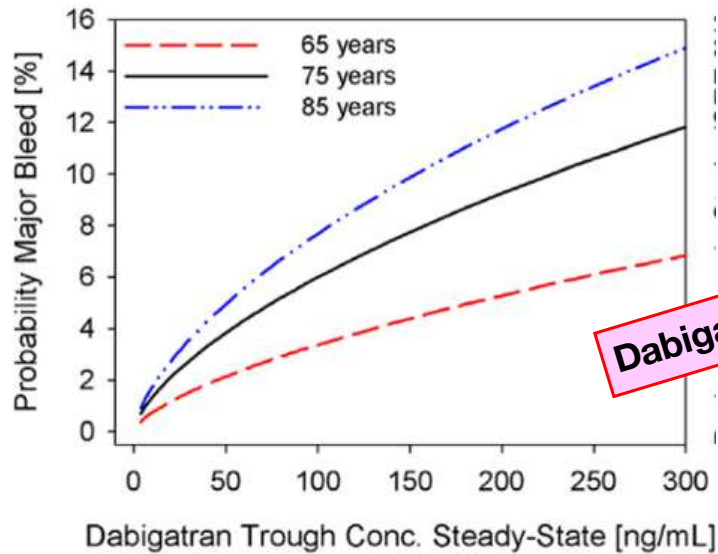
Vol. 53, No. 5, 2014
ISSN: 0735-1097/14/\$36.00
http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jacc.2013.07.014

Antithrombotic Therapy

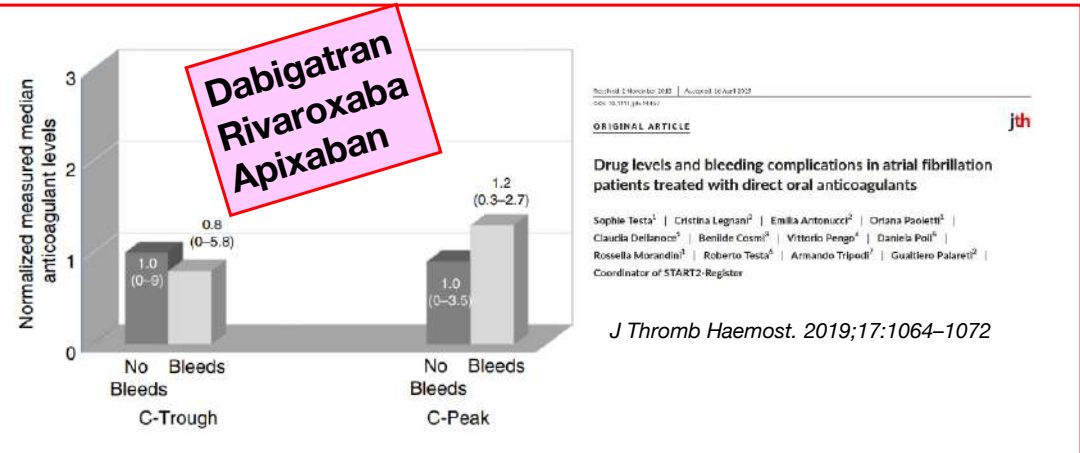
The Effect of Dabigatran Plasma Concentrations and Patient Characteristics on the Frequency of Ischemic Stroke and Major Bleeding in Atrial Fibrillation Patients: The RE-LY Trial (Randomized Evaluation of Long-Term Anticoagulation Therapy)

Paul A. Reilly, PhD,¹ Thorsten Lehr, PhD,^{1,†} Sebastian Hoerter, PhD,¹ Stuart J. Connolly, MD,² Salim Yusuf, MD, DPhM,³ John W. Ezekboom, MB BS,⁴ Michael D. Ezekowitz, MD, PhD,¹ Gerhard Nelmiz, PhD,¹ Susan Wang, PhD,⁵ Lars Wallentin, MD, PhD,⁶ on behalf of the RE-LY Investigators

Ridgefield, Connecticut; Biberach and Saarbrücken, Germany; Hamilton, Ontario, Canada; Worcester, Massachusetts; and Uppsala, Sweden



Dabigatran



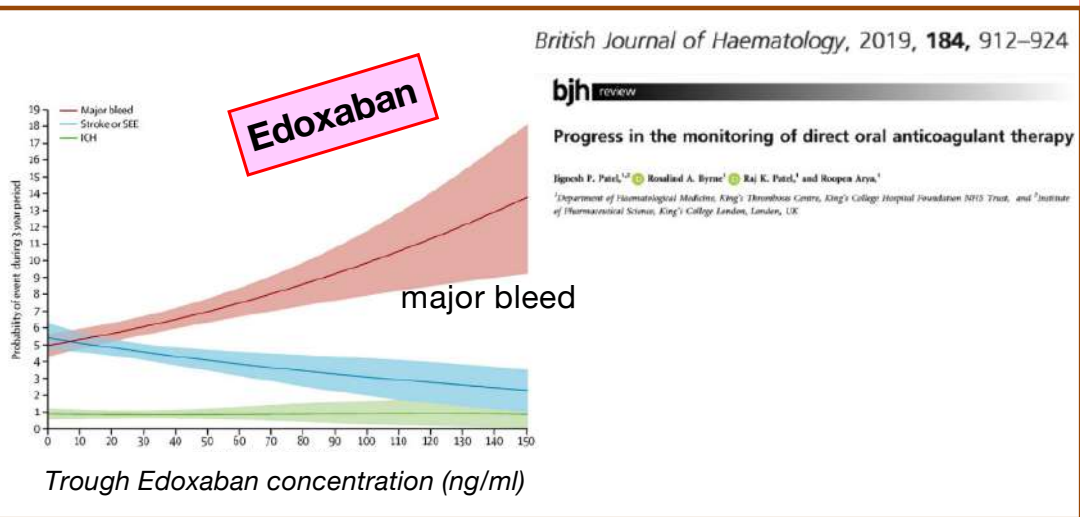
Received 1 March 2018 | Accepted 16 April 2018
DOI: 10.1111/jth.14447

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Drug levels and bleeding complications in atrial fibrillation patients treated with direct oral anticoagulants

Sophie Tectá¹ | Cristina Legnani² | Emilia Antonucci² | Oriana Paoletti³ | Claudia Dellanocci⁴ | Benedetta Cosmi⁵ | Vittorio Pengo⁴ | Daniela Pali⁶ | Rossella Morandini⁷ | Roberto Testa⁸ | Armando Tripodi¹ | Gualterio Palareti⁹ | Coordinator of START2-Register

J Thromb Haemost. 2019;17:1064–1072



Edoxaban

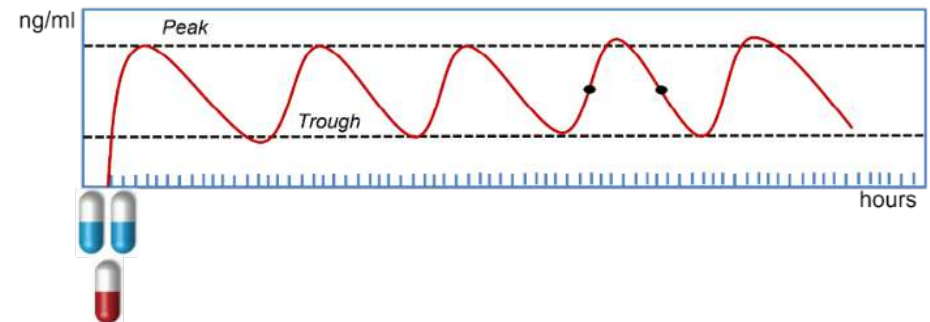
La misura dei DOAC: risultati attesi

Laboratory testing in patients treated with direct oral anticoagulants: a practical guide for clinicians

J. DOUXFILS,*†‡ W. AGENO,‡ C.-M. SAMAMA,§ S. LESSIRE,¶ H. TEN CATE,** P. VERHAMME,††
J. -M. DOGNÉ* and F. MULLIER‡‡

*Department of Pharmacy, Namur Thrombosis and Hemostasis Centre (NTHC), Namur Research Institute for Life Sciences (NARILIS), University of Namur, †Qualiblood s.a., Namur, Belgium; ‡Department of Clinical and Experimental Medicine, University of Insubria, Varese, Italy; §Cochin University Hospital, Department of Anaesthesiology and Intensive Care, Université Paris Descartes, Paris, France; ¶Department of Anaesthesiology, Namur Thrombosis and Hemostasis Centre (NTHC), Namur Research Institute for Life Sciences (NARILIS), Université catholique de Louvain, CHU UCL Namur, Yvoir, Belgium; **Department of Internal Medicine, Maastricht University Medical Centre and Cardiovascular Research Institute (CARIM), Maastricht, the Netherlands; ††Department of Cardiovascular Sciences, Vascular Medicine and Haemostasis, University of Leuven, Leuven; and ‡‡CHU UCL Namur, Laboratory Hematology, Namur Thrombosis and Hemostasis Centre (NTHC), Namur Research Institute for Life Sciences (NARILIS), Université catholique de Louvain, Yvoir, Belgium

J Thromb Haemost 2018; **16**: 209–19.



DABIGATRAN 150 mg BID	Peak ng/ml	Trough ng/ml	RIVAROXABAN 20 mg OD	Peak ng/ml	Trough ng/ml
NVAF	175 (117-275)	91 (61-143)	NVAF	249 (184-343)	44 (12-137)
VTE	175 (117-275)	60 (39-95)	VTE	270 (189-419)	26 (6-87)
APIXABAN 5 mg BID	Peak ng/ml	Trough ng/ml	EDOxabAN 60 mg OD	Peak ng/ml	Trough ng/ml
NVAF	171 (91-321)	103 (41-230)	NVAF	170(125-245)	36 (19-62)
VTE	132 (59-302)	63 (22-177)	VTE	234 (149-317)	19(10-39)

VARIABILITA' INTER-INDIVIDUALE



Plasma levels of direct oral anticoagulants in real life patients with atrial fibrillation: Results observed in four anticoagulation clinics

Sophie Testa ^{a,*}, Armando Tripodi ^b, Cristina Legnani ^c, Vittorio Pengo ^d, Rosanna Abbate ^e, Claudia Dellanoce ^a, Paolo Carraro ^f, Luisa Salomone ^c, Rita Paniccia ^g, Oriana Paoletti ^a, Daniela Poli ^f, Gualtiero Palareti ^g, for the START-Laboratory Register

S. Testa et al. / Thrombosis Research 137 (2016) 178–183

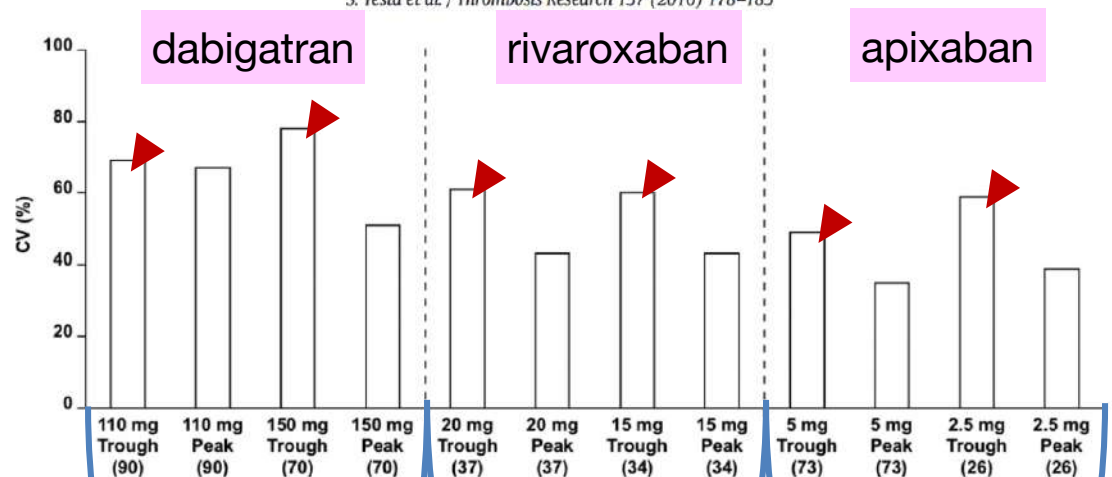


Fig. 2. Distribution of CV values calculated from DOAC concentrations in treated patients at trough and peak. Numbers of patients are within brackets.

- Dabi>Riva>Api
- Specie nei valori di valle
- Più spesso con i bassi dosaggi

min-max: x 20

x 15

x 7



VARIABILITA' INTRA-INDIVIDUALE

Thrombosis Research 137 (2016) 178–183



Plasma levels of direct oral anticoagulants in real life patients with atrial fibrillation: Results observed in four anticoagulation clinics



Sophie Testa ^{a,*}, Armando Tripodi ^b, Cristina Legnani ^c, Vittorio Pengo ^d, Rosanna Abbate ^e, Claudia Dellanoce ^a, Paolo Carraro ^f, Luisa Salomone ^c, Rita Paniccia ^e, Oriana Paoletti ^a, Daniela Poli ^f, Gualtiero Palareti ^g, for the START-Laboratory Register

DOAC assay (ng/ml) CV%	Dabigatran 110 mg	Dabigatran 150 mg	Rivaroxaban 20 mg	Rivaroxaban 15 mg	Apixaban 5 mg	Apixaban 2.5 mg
Trough	59	49	39	35	23	15
Peak	60	51	27	31	22	14

Dabigatran > Rivaroxaban > Apixaban

Fattori pre-procedurali associati a livelli alti di DOAC

- **Interruption time**
- **Female**
- **Age ≥ 75**
- **CrCl < 50 ml/min**
- **Rivaroxaban/Apixaban**
- **Standard dose**
- **Weight < 70 Kg**

≥ 30

≥ 50

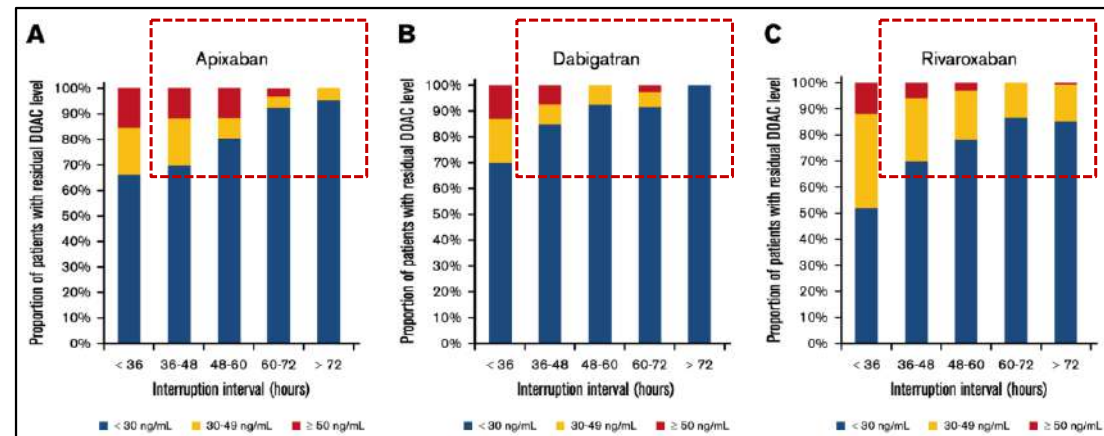
Predictors of preprocedural direct oral anticoagulant levels in patients having an elective surgery or procedure

Joseph R. Shaw,^{1,2} Na Li,³ Thomas Vanassche,⁴ Michiel Coppens,⁵ Alex C. Spyropoulos,⁶ Summer Syed,⁷ Mansoor Radwi,⁸ Joanne Duncan,³ Sam Schulman,^{3,9} and James D. Douketis³

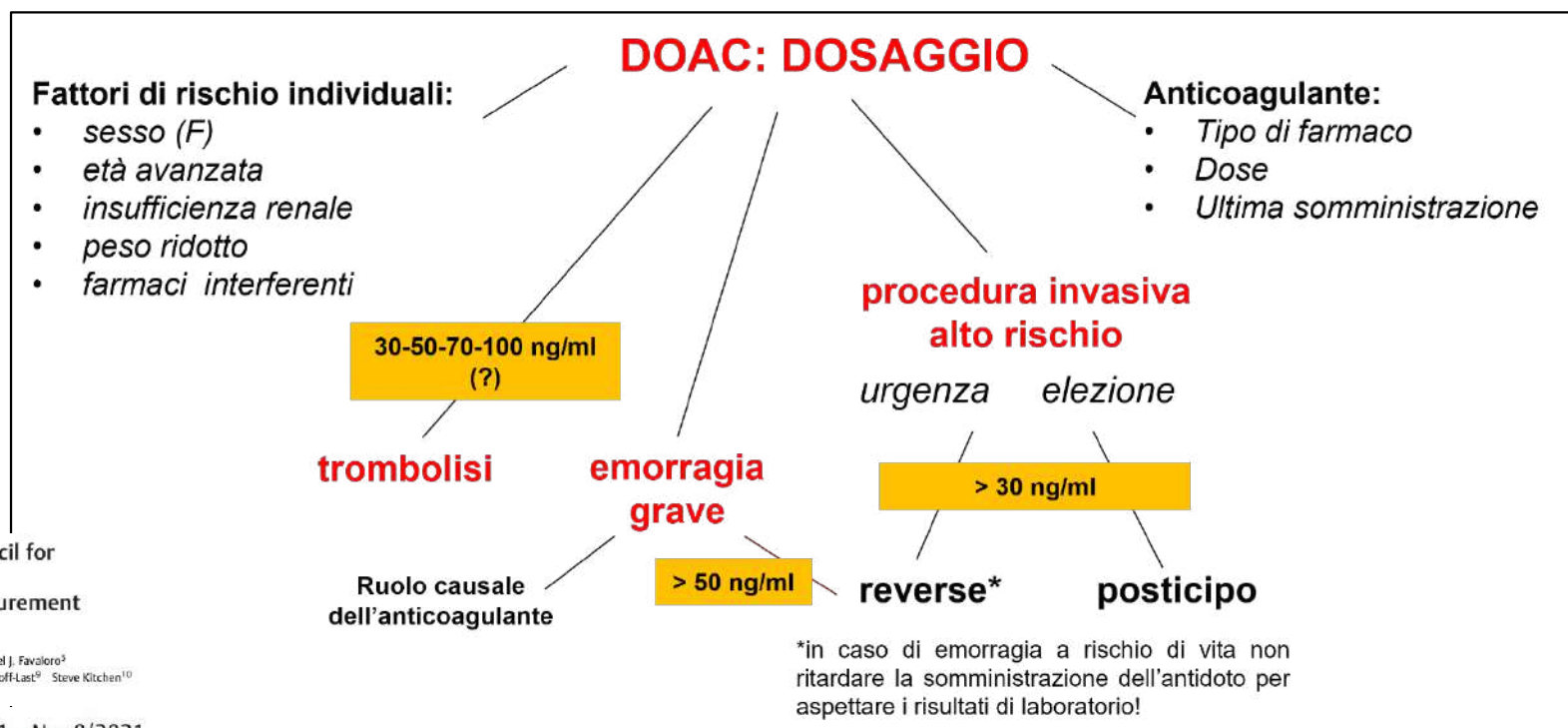
¹Department of Medicine, University of Ottawa, Ottawa, ON, Canada; ²The Ottawa Hospital Research Institute, Ottawa, ON, Canada; ³Department of Medicine, McMaster University, Hamilton, ON, Canada; ⁴Center for Molecular and Vascular Biology, Department of Cardiovascular Sciences, University of Leuven, Leuven, Belgium; ⁵Department of Vascular Medicine, Academic Medical Center, University of Amsterdam, Amsterdam, The Netherlands; ⁶Department of Medicine, Zucker School of Medicine at Hofstra/Northwell, Northwell Health at Lenox Hill Hospital, New York, NY; ⁷Department of Anesthesiology, McMaster University, Hamilton, ON, Canada; ⁸Department of Hematology, Faculty of Medicine, University of Jeddah, Jeddah, Saudi Arabia; and ⁹Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology, I. M. Sechenov First Moscow State Medical University, Moscow, Russia

11 AUGUST 2020 • VOLUME 4, NUMBER 15

 blood advances



DOSARE PUO' AUMENTARE LA SICUREZZA NELLE CONDIZIONI PIU' A RISCHIO



2021 Update of the International Council for Standardization in Haematology
 Recommendations for Laboratory Measurement of Direct Oral Anticoagulants

Jonathan Douxfils^{1,2} Dorothy M. Adcock² Shannon M. Bates¹ Emmanuel J. Favaloro³
 Isabelle Gouin-Thibault⁴ Cecilia Guillermo⁷ Yohko Kawai⁸ Edelgard Lindhoff-Last⁹ Steve Kitchen¹⁰
 Robert C. Gosselin¹¹

Thrombosis and Haemostasis Vol. 121 No. 8/2021



2021



*«Omnia venenum sunt:
nec sine veneno quicquam existit. Dosis
sola facit, ut venenum non fit»*

*Philippus Aureolus Theophrastus Bombastus von Hohenheim
-Paracelsus-
(1493-1541)*

*...solo la dose fa in modo che
l'anticoagulante non abbia un effetto
dannoso*